

18 U.S.C. § 241

Section 241 - Conspiracy against rights

Current through P.L. 117-214 (published on www.congress.gov on 10/19/202

¶¹⁰⁴ If two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any person in an Commonwealth, Possession, or District in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege Constitution or laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same; or

If two or more persons go in disguise on the highway, or on the premises of another, with intent to exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege so secured-

They shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death res violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sex commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, they shall be fined under this title or impris for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

18 U.S.C. § 241

June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 696; Pub. L. 90-284, title I, §103(a), Apr. 11, 1968, 82 Stat. 75; §7018(a), (b) (1), Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4396; Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, §60006(a), title XXX title XXXIII, §330016(1)(L), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970, 2109, 2113, 2147; Pub. L. 104-294 11, 1996, 607, Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3507, 3511.

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTESBased on title 18, U.S.C., 1940 ed., §51 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, §19, 35 Stat. ineligible to hold office was omitted as incongruous because it attaches ineligibility to hold office to a person who may convicted of conspiracy to violate a specific statute. There seems to be no reason for imposing such a penalty in the cas fact that other crimes do not carry such a severe consequence. The experience of the Department of Justice is that this a successful prosecutions for violations of the act.Mandatory punishment provision was rephrased in the alternative.Min

EDITORIAL NOTES

AMENDMENTS1996- Pub. L. 104-294, §607(a), substituted "any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or Dis District" in first par. Pub. L. 104-294, §604(b)(14)(A), repealed Pub. L. 103-322, §320103(a)(1). See 1994 Amendment §330016(1)(L), substituted "They shall be fined under this title" for "They shall be fined not more than \$10,000" in thin substituted "person in any State" for "inhabitant of any State" in first par. Pub. L. 103-322, §320103(a)(2)-(4), in third, committed in violation of this section or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abu sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, they shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or imprisonment for any term of years or for life". Pub. L. 103-322, §320103(a)(1), which provided for amendment identic above, was repealed by Pub. L. 104-294, §604(b)(14)(A). Pub. L. 103-322, §60006(a), substituted ", or may be sentenc
1988- Pub. L. 100-690 struck out "of citizens" after "rights" in section catchline and substituted "inhabitant of any Stat text. 1968- Pub. L. 90-284 increased limitation on fines from \$5,000 to \$10,000 and provided for imprisonment for any results.

STATUTORY NOTES AND RELATED SUBSIDIARIES

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1996 AMENDMENT Amendment by section 604(b)(14)(A) of Pub. L. 104-294 effective Sept 104-294 set out as a note under section 13 of this title.

SHORT TITLE OF 1996 AMENDMENT Pub. L. 104-155, §1, July 3, 1996, 110 Stat. 1392, provided that: "This Act [section 10602 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, enacting provisions set out as a note under section 247 of thi a note under section 534 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure] may be cited as the 'Church Arson Prevention A